

EARLY CHILDHOOD EDUCATION AND THE GRANITE STATE ECONOMY

NICOLE HELLER, PHD, SENIOR POLICY ANALYST NEW HAMPSHIRE FISCAL POLICY INSTITUTE

NEW HAMPSHIRE CHILD CARE ADVISORY COUNCIL ECONOMICS OF CHILD CARE WEBINAR SERIES

SEPTEMBER 18, 2024

GOALS

- Be able to explain why early childhood education is important to the whole New Hampshire economy using examples from data related to:
 - New Hampshire Demographics
 - New Hampshire's Labor Force
 - The Impact of Child Care Providers
 - Child Care Tuition Impact on Family Income and Spending
 - Impacts from the Child Care Workforce Shortage
 - Federal and State Spending on Child Care



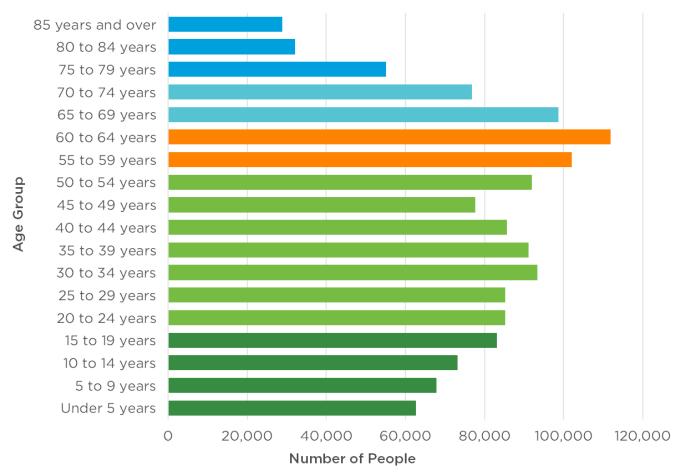
NEW HAMPSHIRE DEMOGRAPHICS



NEW HAMPSHIRE IS AGING

NEW HAMPSHIRE POPULATION BY AGE GROUP

Number of People by Age Group as of July 1, 2023

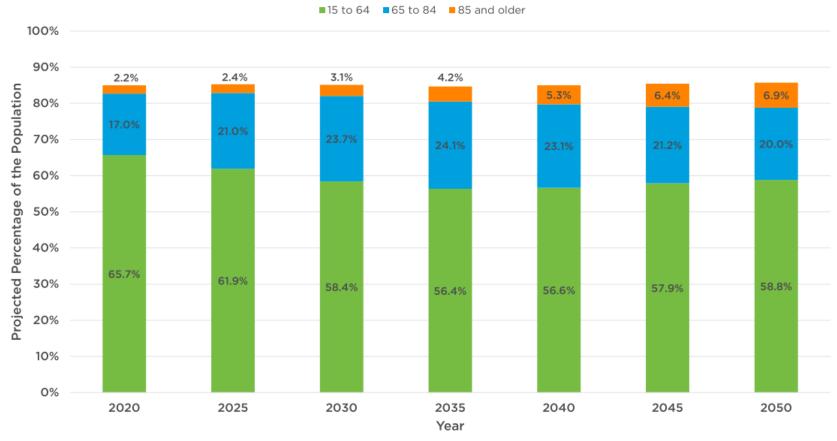




FEWER POTENTIAL WORKERS IN THE SHORT- AND LONG-TERMS

NEW HAMPSHIRE AGE PROJECTIONS

Projections by Age Group, for 2020 to 2050







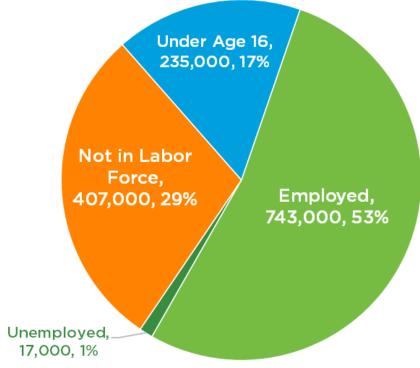
LABOR FORCE



WHO IS "THE LABOR FORCE"?

NEW HAMPSHIRE POPULATION BY LABOR FORCE PARTICIPATION

2023 Data, Labor Force Participants Age 16 or Over Unless Otherwise Labeled, Rounded to Nearest 1,000



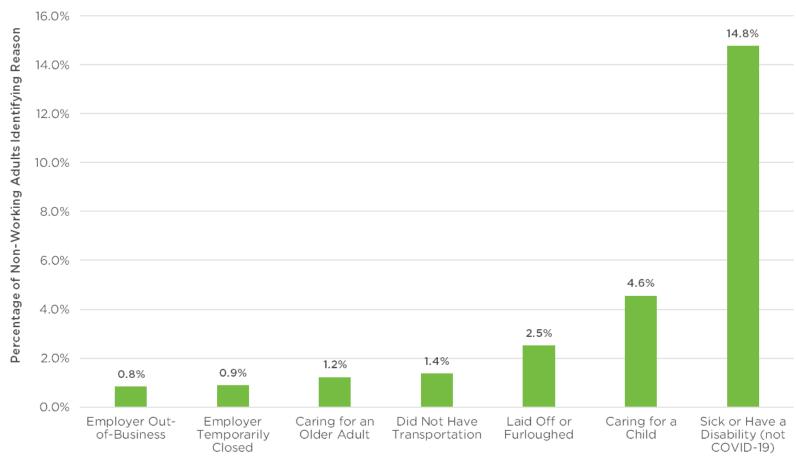
Sources: New Hampshire Employment Security, U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Census Bureau



WHY ARE PEOPLE OUT OF THE LABOR FORCE?

MOST COMMON REASONS FOR NOT WORKING

Based on Surveys of New Hampshire Adults, July 2023 to July 2024 Excluding Respondents Who Are Working, Identified as Retired (Half of People Not Working), Gave an Uncategorized Reason, or Did Not Report a Reason



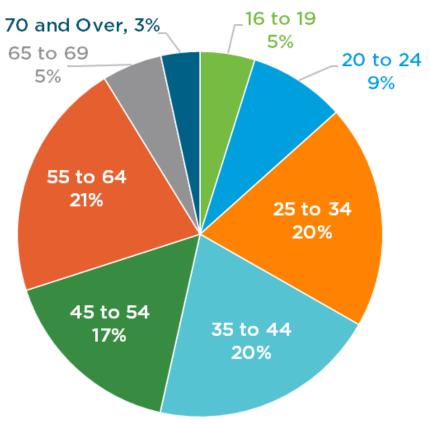


Reason Provided

54 PERCENT OF NEW HAMPSHIRE'S LABOR FORCE IS BETWEEN 16 AND 44 YEARS OF AGE

NEW HAMPSHIRE'S LABOR FORCE BY AGE IN YEARS

For the Year Ending April 2024





DEMOGRAPHICS AND WORKFORCE QUESTIONS



ECONOMIC IMPACT OF CHILD CARE PROVIDERS: CASE STUDIES



AVAILABLE LICENSED CHILD CARE SLOTS IN 2023

- Estimate of children under 6 with sole parent or both parents in the labor force: 54,097
- 2023 average number of licensed slots: 44,645
- Estimated potential gap: 9,452
- Number of providers in December 2023: 719
- Considerations for the estimated gap:
 - Potential gap may be smaller:
 - Data limitations only allow for estimates of children under 6 when kindergarten begins at 5
 - Not all families want to use child care
 - Potential gap may be larger:
 - Licensed capacity, not current capacity
 - Not all children attend full-day kindergarten and may still need child care
 - Only includes children under 6, some school-age children also need out-ofschool time care
 - Driving distance for families
 - Right setting or environment for families and children



FAMILY CHILD CARE HOME EXAMPLE

- Enrollment: 6 full-time children
- Approximately 3 to 6 parents available to work full-time
 - Assumes average of 1-2 children per parent entering the labor force
 - Assumes two part-time workers within a household combine hours to create a full-time equivalent worker
- Median New Hampshire Wages in 2023
 - \$24.03/hour
 - \$49,982/year

Median New Hampshire Yearly Wages x Available Workers = About \$149,946-\$299,892 in collective wages available to families



CENTER-BASED CHILD CARE EXAMPLE

- Enrollment: 72 full-time children
- Approximately 36-72 parents available to work full-time
 - Assumes average of 1-2 children per parent entering the labor force
 - Assumes two part-time workers within a household combine hours to create a full-time equivalent worker
- Median New Hampshire Wages in 2023
 - \$24.03/hour
 - \$49,982/year

Median New Hampshire Yearly Wages x Available Workers = About \$1.8M- \$3.6M in collective wages available to families



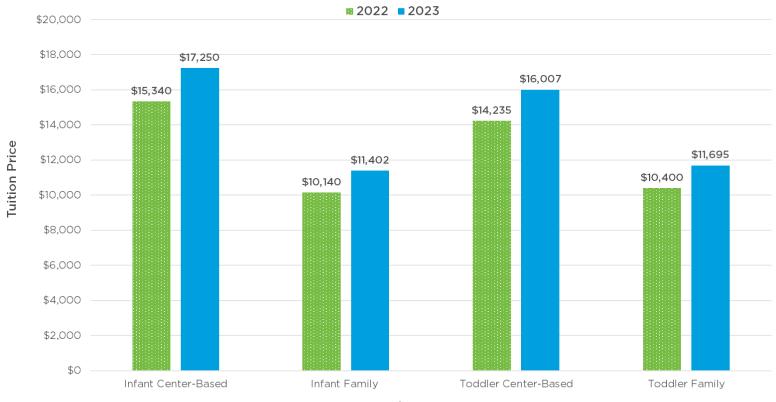
FAMILY INCOME AND SPENDING



CHILD CARE PRICES INCREASED APPROXIMATELY 12.5 PERCENT ACROSS ALL TYPES OF CARE FROM 2022 TO 2023

NEW HAMPSHIRE CHILD CARE PRICES IN 2022 AND 2023

Child Care Tuition Prices for Center-Based and Family Child Care for Infants and Toddlers



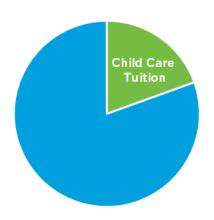


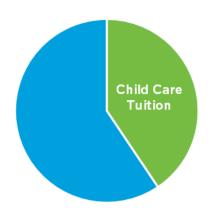
FEDERAL BENCHMARK: AFFORDABLE CHILD CARE SHOULD BE NO MORE THAN 7 PERCENT OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME

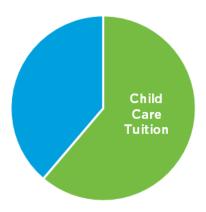
PERCENTAGE OF MEDIAN HOUSEHOLD INCOME NEEDED FOR TWO CHILDREN IN CENTER-BASED CARE

Percent of Median Income for Households with Children during 2018-2022 Equivalent to the Unsubsidized Price of Tuition for an Infant and Four-Year-Old Child to Attend Center-Based Child Care

MARRIED-COUPLE FAMILY SINGLE MALE HOUSEHOLDER SINGLE FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER 20% 41% 61%









COST OF LIVING IN 2023

ECONOMIC POLICY INSTITUTE FAMILY BUDGET CALCULATOR TWO ADULTS, TWO CHILDREN: \$87,528

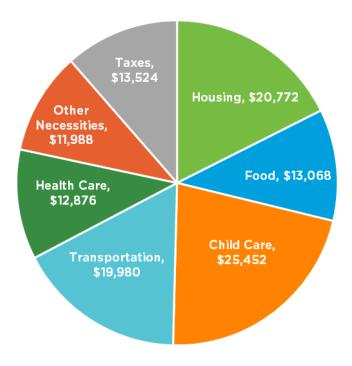
Coos County, New Hampshire in 2023 dollars

Taxes, \$7,536 Other Necessities, \$8,448 Food, \$12,456 Health Care, \$13,068 Child Care, \$15,132

Source: Economic Policy Institute, Family Budget Calculator, September 9, 2024

ECONOMIC POLICY INSTITUTE FAMILY BUDGET CALCULATOR TWO ADULTS, TWO CHILDREN: \$117,672

Rockingham County, New Hampshire in 2023 dollars



Source: Economic Policy Institute, Family Budget Calculator, September 9, 2024



NEW HAMPSHIRE CHILD CARE SCHOLARSHIP ELIGIBLITY EXPANSION

2024 CHILD CARE SCHOLARSHIP INCOME ELIGIBILITY

Annual Household Income Caps for 2024 Child Care Scholarship, No Cost Share, and \$5 Per Week Cost Share Eligibility

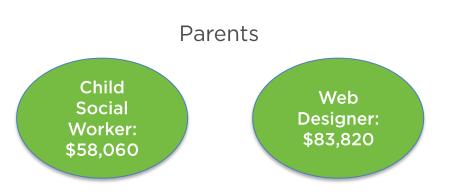
Family Size	Scholarship Less than 85% of State Median Income	No Cost Share Less than or equal to 100% of Federal Poverty Guidelines	\$5 Cost Share Between 100% to 138% of Federal Poverty Guidelines
1	\$58,985	\$15,060	\$20,783
2	\$77,134	\$20,440	\$28,208
3	\$95,283	\$25,820	\$35,632
4	\$113,432	\$31,200	\$43,056
5	\$131,581	\$36,580	\$50,481
6	\$149,731	\$41,960	\$57,905
7	\$153,133	\$47,340	\$65,330
8	\$156,536	\$52,720	\$72,754

Sources: New Hampshire Department of Health and Human Services Bureau of Child Development and Head Start Collaboration Child Care Scholarship Income Eligibility Levels (Updated July 1, 2024), U.S. Department of Health and Human Services 2024 Poverty Guidelines for 48 Contiguous States (Updated January 2024)



CHILD CARE PRICE: 2023 FAMILY EXAMPLE 1

NOT ELIGIBLE FOR SCHOLARSHIP: PAYS \$36,121 (25 PERCENT OF INCOME)



Household Income: \$141,880

Scholarship Cutoff: \$123,153





CHILD CARE PRICE: 2023 FAMILY EXAMPLE 2

ELIGIBLE FOR SCHOLARSHIP: PAYS \$6,465 (7 PERCENT OF INCOME)



Household Income: \$92,350

Scholarship Cutoff: \$123,153









Total Center-Based: \$36,121* Total Family-Based: \$25,458*



ESTIMATED PRICE OF SENDING ONE CHILD TO CENTER-BASED CARE IN NEW HAMPSHIRE (2019-2024)

YEAR	AGE OF CHILD	AVERAGE TUITION RATE
2019 (January)	3 months – 1 year (infant)	\$13,044
2020	1-2 years old (infant)	\$13,355
2021	2-3 years old (toddler)	\$13,151
2022	3-4 years old (preschooler)	\$13,000
2023	4-5 years old (preschooler)	\$14,618
2024 (using 2023 prices)	5 years old (preschool for 9 months)	\$10,964
	TOTAL	\$78,496



ECONOMIC IMPACT OF CHILD CARE PROVIDERS AND FAMILY INCOME & SPENDING QUESTIONS



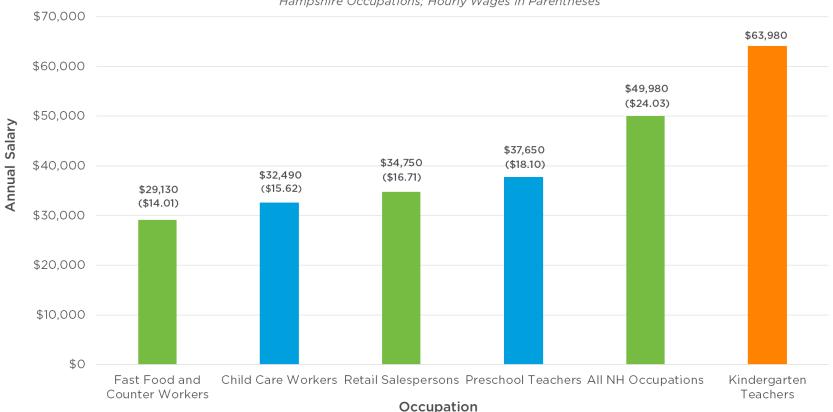
CHILD CARE WORKFORCE SHORTAGE



NEW HAMPSHIRE EARLY CHILDHOOD **EDUCATORS' WAGES ARE NOT COMPETITIVE**

2023 MEDIAN ANNUAL SALARIES FOR SELECT **NEW HAMPSHIRE OCCUPATIONS**

U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics May 2023 State Occupational Employment and Wage Estimates for Selected New Hampshire Occupations; Hourly Wages in Parentheses

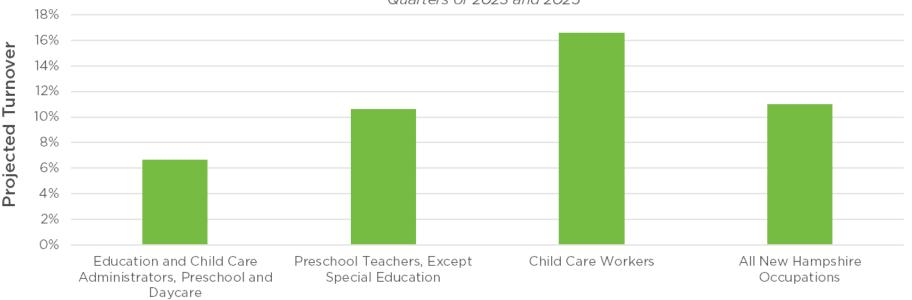




HIGH PROJECTED TURNOVER AMONG CHILD CARE WORKERS

PROJECTED ANNUAL TURNOVER FOR NEW HAMPSHIRE CHILD CARE WORKFORCE

New Hampshire Employment Security's Short-Term Occupational Projections of Exits and Transfers as a Proportion of Estimated Occupation Category during Second Quarters of 2023 and 2025



Occupation

Source: New Hampshire Employment Security



TRUE COST OF HIGH-QUALITY CARE



TRUE COST OF HIGH-QUALITY CHILD CARE

- Revenue from tuition and NH Child Care Scholarships may not generate enough funds to cover necessary program costs
- Costs may include:
 - Payroll and benefits
 - o Professional development for staff
 - Food and diapers
 - o Toys, furniture, and playground equipment
 - Curricula and assessments
 - o Reducing child to teacher ratios, as needed
 - Cleaning supplies
 - o Rent or Mortgage
 - o Insurance
 - Utilities
 - Additional office and business expenses
- Difficult to streamline or consolidate child care costs due to unique
 business model



EXAMPLES OF INCREASED COSTS FOR HIGH QUALITY CARE IN 2023

- Funding out-of-classroom time (planning, conferencing)
 - 1 hour of planning/day/teacher
 - 5 classrooms with 1 lead and 1 assistant teacher, each teacher gets 5 hours prep time/week for 52 weeks/year
 - Using child care workers median wage in 2023 (\$15.62/hour) for someone to be with the children while the other teachers prep
 - \$40,612/year
- Caring for children with higher needs
 - Preschool classroom with average 2023 tuition rate
 - Reducing 1 classroom by 1 child = \$14,618
 - Reducing 1 classroom by 2 children = \$29,236
 - Adding an additional teacher to 1 classroom = \$32,489



EXAMPLES OF INCREASED COSTS FOR HIGH QUALITY CARE IN 2023

- Pay raise
 - 10 teachers earning 2023 median salary (\$32,489)
 - 5% = \$16,245
 - 10% = \$32,489
 - 15% = \$48,734
 - 20% = \$64,978
 - Parity with Kindergarten teachers = \$314,910
- Offering retirement contributions for full-time employees
 - 10 teachers earning 2023 median salary (\$32,489/year)
 - 3% contribution = \$9,747/year
 - 5% contribution = \$16,245/year



EXAMPLES OF INCREASED COSTS FOR HIGH QUALITY CARE IN 2023

- Out-of-class time 1 hour/day/teacher: \$40,612
- Reducing class size by 1 child in 1 classroom: \$14,618
- 20 percent raise: \$64,978
- 3 percent retirement contribution based on increased salaries: \$11,696
- Total: \$131,904/year
- Average ratio for children 6 weeks to 4 years old is 1 teacher: 7 children
- If a center has 70 children, each child's tuition would need to be raised by about \$1,884 annually (\$157 monthly) to meet these increased costs



CHILD CARE WORKFORCE SHORTAGE AND TRUE COST OF HIGH-QUALITY CHILD CARE QUESTIONS



FEDERAL AND STATE FUNDING

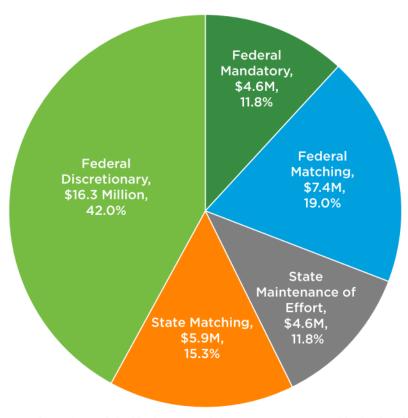


CHILD CARE DEVELOPMENT FUNDS (CCDF)

A STATE-FEDERAL PARTNERSHIP

NEW HAMPSHIRE CHILD CARE AND DEVELOPMENT FUND ALLOCATIONS 2023

Total Combined Federal and State CCDF Allocations Based on Federal Grant Year 2023 Appropriations





Note: Grant year refers to the year federal funds were awarded to states. States may spend funds in later fiscal years.

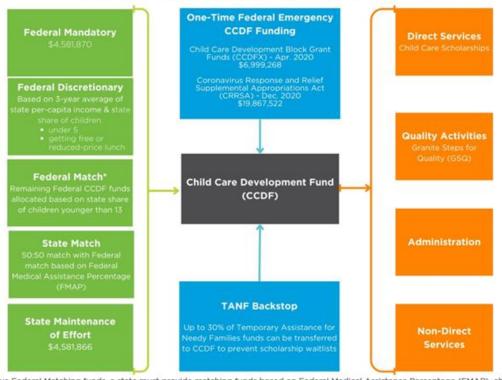
Source: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services' Office of Child Care Data and Funding:

CCDF State and Territory Funding Allocations - GY2023 as of January 30, 2023. Accessed December 12, 2023.

RULES FOR CCDF FUNDS

NEW HAMPSHIRE'S CHILD CARE DEVELOPMENT FUND ALLOCATION FORMULA AND ALLOCATIONS

Federal and State Funding Streams to the Child Care Development Fund (CCDF) and Activities and Services for Which the Funds Can Be Used



Note: "To receive Federal Matching funds, a state must provide matching funds based on Federal Medical Assistance Percentage (FMAP), obligate federal and state matching funds in the year the matching funds are awarded, obligate all mandatory funds in the fiscal year the funds are awarded, and obligate and expend all maintenance of effort funds in the year in which the matching funds are awarded.

Source: U.S. Department of Health & Human Services' Administration for Children & Families' Office of Child Care's Child Care Technical Assistance Network Fundamentals of CCDF Administration - Allocation Formulas

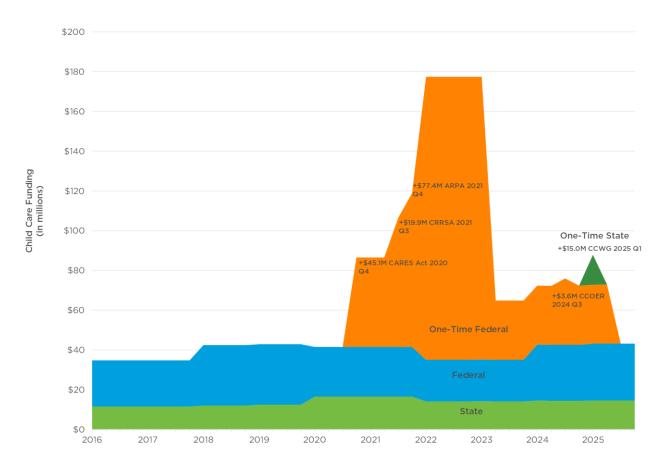
- Allocate at least 12 percent to quality initiatives
- No more than 5 percent toward administration
- At least 70 percent of remaining funds toward direct services to working parents with low-incomes through certificates and grants or contracts
- NH TANF fund at end of SFY 2024: \$74,473,969



END OF ONE-TIME FEDERAL INVESTMENTS MAY REDUCE INDUSTRY STABILITY

NEW HAMPSHIRE CHILD CARE FUNDING

State and Federal One-Time and Regular Funding for State Fiscal Years 2016-2025





INVESTMENTS IN CHILDREN & FAMILIES



INVESTMENTS THAT HELP THE ECONOMY

RETURNS ON INVESTMENT FROM CERTAIN POLICIES

Fiscal Stimulus Multipliers, 2021

Estimates of Change in Size of the Economy (Gross Domestic Product) in the Fourth Quarter of 2021 for Each \$1.00 Change in Selected Federal Expenditure or Tax Changes in the First Quarter of 2021

Tor Each \$1.00 Change in Selected Federal Expenditure	or rax changes in the First Guarter of 2021
Policy Change Analyzed	Economic Growth Per \$1 Invested
Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Benefits	\$1.61
Supplemental Unemployment Insurance	\$1.49
Work-Share Unemployment Insurance	\$1.37
Aid to State and Local Governments	\$1.34
Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP)	\$1.31
Transportation Infrastructure Spending	\$1.29
Earned Income Tax Credit	\$1.27
Child Tax Credit	\$1.25
Defense Spending	\$1.24
Child Care (Universal Child Care Act)	\$1.19
Universal Pre-Kindergarten	\$1.17
Care for Older Adults	\$1.15
Economic Impact Payments	\$1.09
Payroll Tax Holiday for Employees	\$1.07
Payroll Tax Holiday for Employers	\$0.95
Nonrefundable Lump Sum Tax Rebate	\$0.93
Personal Income Tax Rate	\$0.88
Housing Tax Credit	\$0.80
Student Loan Debt Forgiveness	\$0.65
Dividend and Capital Gain Tax Rate Reduction	\$0.38
Corporate Tax Rate Reduction	\$0.32
Accelerated Depreciation for Business Taxes	\$0.27
Business Net Operating Losses Tax Offset	\$0.24



Note: Evaluated relative to the parameters of the federal 2021 American Rescue Plan Act as proposed in January 2021.

Source: Moody's Analytics, The Biden Fiscal Rescue Package: Light on the Horizon, January 15, 2021

POLICIES IN ACTION

NEW HAMPSHIRE CHILD CARE SCHOLARSHIP USAGE

Number of Children Served Monthly by the New Hampshire Child Care Scholarship Program from July 2021 to July 2024



Month and Calendar Year

*Note: NHCCSP is the New Hampshire Child Care Scholarship Program, which provides subsidies to help families access and afford child care services.

Source: New Hampshire Department of Health and Human Services



KEY POINTS

- System is not working well for anyone:
 - New Hampshire's population, and labor force, is aging
 - Majority of New Hampshire's labor force is of child-bearing age
 - Over 4 percent of Granite Staters are out of the labor force to care for children
 - Affordable and accessible child care is needed for a robust labor force
 - Child care is unaffordable to the majority of families
 - Low wages and poor workforce retention contributes to a child care shortage
 - Cost of high-quality care exceeds available resources to providers
 - End of one-time funding for the sector
 - Investments in children have favorable returns



ADDITIONAL RESOURCES

- <u>Issue Brief</u>: The State of Child Care in New Hampshire: End of One-Time Federal Investments May Reduce Industry Stability February 2, 2024 https://nhfpi.org/resource/the-state-of-child-care-in-new-hampshire-end-of-one-time-federal-investments-may-reduce-industry-stability/
- Blog: Child Care Scholarship Usage Increased Over 21 Percent in First Half of 2024 - August 26, 2024 https://nhfpi.org/blog/child-care-scholarship-usage-increased-over-21-percent-in-first-half-of-2024/
- <u>Fact Sheet</u>: High Prices and Low Availability of Child Care in New Hampshire: Challenges Continue in 2024 – June 4, 2024 https://nhfpi.org/resource/high-prices-and-low-availability-of-child-care-in-new-hampshire-challenges-continue-in-2024/
- Resource Pages: Economy, Education https://nhfpi.org/topic/education/





ADDRESS: 100 North Main Street, Suite 400, Concord, NH 03301

PHONE: 603.856.8337

WEBSITE: www.nhfpi.org

EMAIL: info@nhfpi.org

TWITTER: @NHFPI

FACEBOOK: NewHampshireFiscalPolicyInstitute

