

# HOW WE FUND PUBLIC SERVICES IN NEW HAMPSHIRE

Presented by Phil Sletten, Policy Analyst

Concord Rotary Club Concord, New Hampshire January 30, 2018

### **Public Services Help Ensure Quality of Life**

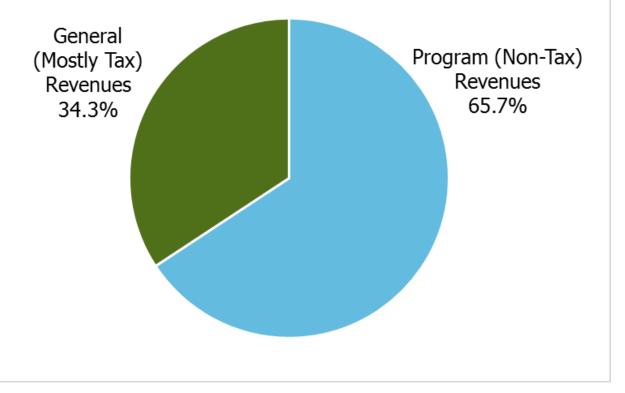


### Why "Revenue"? Don't You Mean Taxes?

- Not all government revenue comes from taxes
- Collections through fees, charges, interest, and programs that sell products or services
- Federal programs, grants, and aid supply a large amount of revenue to the State government directly, also may provide funding for local government initiatives, support for other organizations

#### **General and Program Revenues**

New Hampshire, State Fiscal Year (SFY) 2017 Source: NH Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, SFY 2017



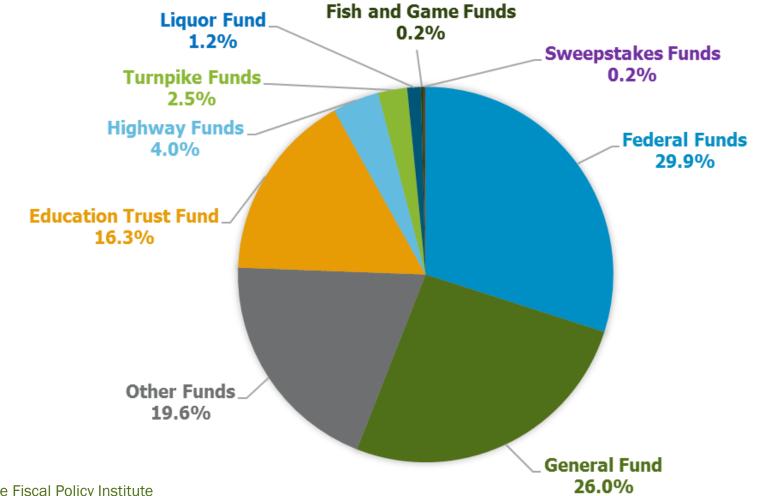
### What Revenue Are We Considering?

- The federal government collects revenue that ends up in State coffers, but that is not a focus here
- State Revenue: money collected through New Hampshire state taxation and other sources, including grants from the federal government
  - State tax revenue is usually the least restricted revenue, with federal grant programs and specific State fees more likely to have "strings attached"
- Local Revenue: money collected by New Hampshire counties, school districts, and municipalities (local governments), primarily through property taxes

## **State Budget Funds**

#### New Hampshire, SFY 2018

Source: Chapter 155, Laws of 2017

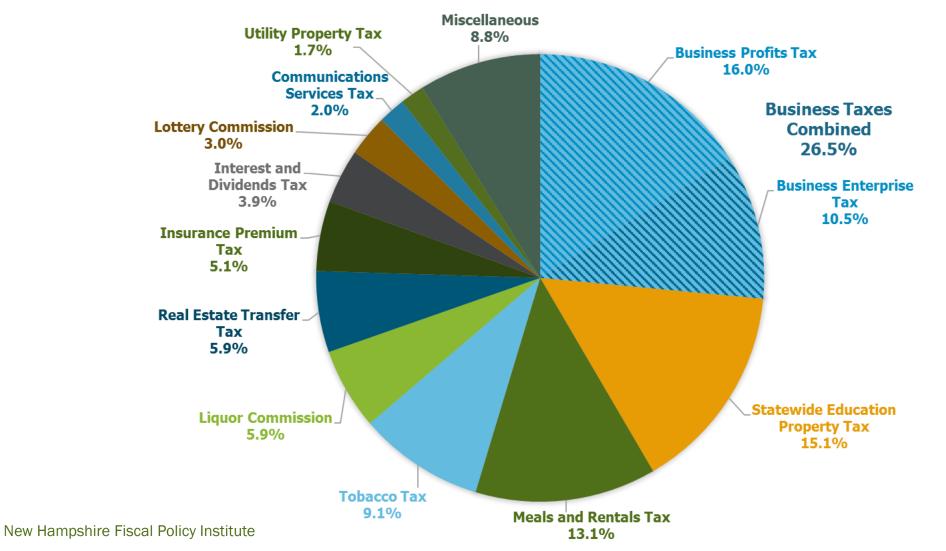


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# **General and Education Trust Fund Revenue**

SFY 2017 State-Generated Revenue

Source: NH Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, SFY 2017



# State Revenue - Two Primary Business Taxes

### **Business Profits Tax**

- Tax based on gross business profits, adjustments (BET), and apportionment
- Tax base likely about \$4.7 billion
- Funds General Fund and Education Trust Fund
  - 1.5 percentage points of the total rate to the Education Trust Fund
- Rate reductions underway:
  - 8.5% in 2015, 8.2% in 2016, 7.9% in 2018, 7.7% in 2019, 7.5% in 2021

#### **Business Enterprise Tax**

- Relatively unique among state business taxes, based on compensation, interest, dividends paid or accrued, adjustments, and apportionment
- Broader tax base, likely about \$35 billion
  - Funds the Education Trust Fund (0.50 percentage points of total rate) and the General Fund until rate phase-down
- Rate reductions underway:
  - 0.75% in 2015, 0.72% in 2016, 0.675% in 2018, 0.60% in 2019, 0.50% in 2021

## State Revenue - Two Primary Business Taxes

<b>Business Profits Tax Incidence</b> Tax Year 2015 - Filing Businesses							
	Number of	Percent of	Cumulative Number		/		Cumulative Percent
Tax Paid	Businesses	Businesses	of Businesses by	of Business by Tax	Amount of Tax	Revenue by	of Revenue by Tax
	by Tax Paid	by Tax Paid	Tax Paid	Paid	Paid	Tax Paid	Paid
\$0	53,515	76.2%	70,188	100.0%	\$0	0.0%	100.0%
\$1-\$500	4,981	7.1%	16,673	23.8%	\$839,041	0.2%	100.0%
\$500-\$1K	1,769	2.5%	11,692	16.7%	\$1,292,441	0.3%	99.8%
\$1K-\$10K	6,975	9.9%	9,923	14.1%	\$25,547,370	6.8%	99.4%
\$10K-\$50K	2,093	3.0%	2,948	4.2%	\$45,352,344	12.1%	92.6%
\$50K-\$100K	341	0.5%	855	1.2%	\$24,197,850	6.4%	80.6%
\$100K-\$1M	465	0.7%	514	0.7%	\$132,834,276	35.4%	74.1%
>\$1M	49	0.1%	49	0.1%	\$145,452,507	38.7%	38.7%
Totals	70,188	100.0%			\$375,515,829	100.0%	
Source: NH Department of Revenue Administration 2017 Annual Report - Draft Data							

### State Revenue - Two Primary Business Taxes

Business Enterprise Tax Incidence Tax Year 2015 - Filing Businesses							
Tax Paid	Number of Businesses	Percent of Businesses	Cumulative Number of Businesses by	of Business by Tax	Amount of Tax	Revenue by	Cumulative Percent of Revenue by Tax
	by Tax Paid	by Tax Paid	Tax Paid	Paid	Paid	Tax Paid	Paid
\$0	34,246	48.8%	70,188	100.0%	\$0	0.0%	100.0%
\$1-\$500	9,256	13.2%	35,942	51.2%	\$1,852,432	0.8%	100.0%
\$500-\$1K	6,899	9.8%	26,686	38.0%	\$5,176,734	2.4%	99.2%
\$1K-\$10K	16,829	24.0%	19,787	28.2%	\$49,863,005	22.8%	96.8%
\$10K-\$50K	2,388	3.4%	2,958	4.2%	\$48,203,176	22.1%	74.0%
\$50K-\$100K	307	0.4%	570	0.8%	\$21,226,649	9.7%	51.9%
\$100K-\$1M	251	0.4%	263	0.4%	\$64,080,686	29.3%	42.2%
>\$1M	12	0.0%	12	0.0%	\$28,108,681	12.9%	12.9%
Totals	70,188	100.0%			\$218,511,363	100.0%	
Source: NH Department of Revenue Administration 2017 Annual Report - Draft Data							

### **State Revenue - Other Taxes**

### **Statewide Education Property Tax**

- Established in 1999 to support newly created Education Trust Fund, adequate education grants
- Set to raise \$363 million in 2005; does not adjust for inflation
- Retained locally, State requires money be raised by local governments

#### **Meals and Rentals Tax**

- Tax of 9.0 percent levied on most purchases of food or beverages from restaurants, also on hotel rooms and car rentals
- Growing revenue source in recent years due to growth in tax base and a rate increase during SFY 2010 from previous rate of 8.0 percent
- Funds the General Fund, Education Trust Fund (car rentals portion), certain school building aid, State's travel and tourism development agency, municipalities

# State Revenue - Other Taxes

### **Tobacco Tax**

- \$1.78 per 20-cigarette pack, adjusted-proportionally for pack size, and 65.03 percent on wholesale price of other tobacco products
- Several rate changes in last 20 years (boosted up to \$0.37/pack in 1997)

### **Real Estate Transfer Tax**

- \$0.75 per \$100 of sale of real estate or interest in real estate
- Levied against buyer and seller for total revenue of \$1.50 per \$100

#### **Insurance Premium Tax**

 1.25 percent on premiums from insurers, 2 percent on health, accident, and certain life insurance premiums, General and NH Health Protection Program funds

#### **Motor Fuels Tax**

\$0.222 per gallon on motor fuels, aviation fuel taxed at different rate, can only be used for highway-related purposes, other restrictions on portions

# **State Revenue - Other Taxes**

### **Medicaid Enhancement Tax**

- 5.25 percent of charges hospitals make for services, \$226.6 million in SFY 2017
- Revenues to Uncompensated Care and Medicaid Fund, leverages federal dollars

#### **Interest and Dividends Tax**

- Individuals pay 5 percent of interest earned (over at least \$2,400 per individual) from interest payments or dividends from certain stock ownership
- Revenues go to General Fund, \$94.3 million in SFY 2017

### **Communications Services Tax**

7 percent on two-way communications services, not internet, declining revenue

#### **Utility Property Tax**

\$6.60 per \$1,000 levied on machinery, real estate, structures for electricity, natural gas or petroleum distribution owned by regulated utilities

# State Revenue – Enterprise Funds

### **Liquor Commission**

- Operates State liquor stores that are sole source for liquor and spirits, while certain wine may be sold from licensed businesses and beer is taxed
- Pays for its own operations, the Alcohol Abuse Prevention and Treatment Fund, and the General Fund
- \$684.8 million in SFY 2017 generated from sales and services, \$4.4 million from licenses; General Fund received \$137.7 million plus \$12.7 million from beer tax

#### **Lottery Commission**

- Sells lottery tickets and oversees taxed racing, charitable gaming, and Keno
- \$304.2 million revenue in SFY 2017, \$76.1 million profit to Education Trust Fund

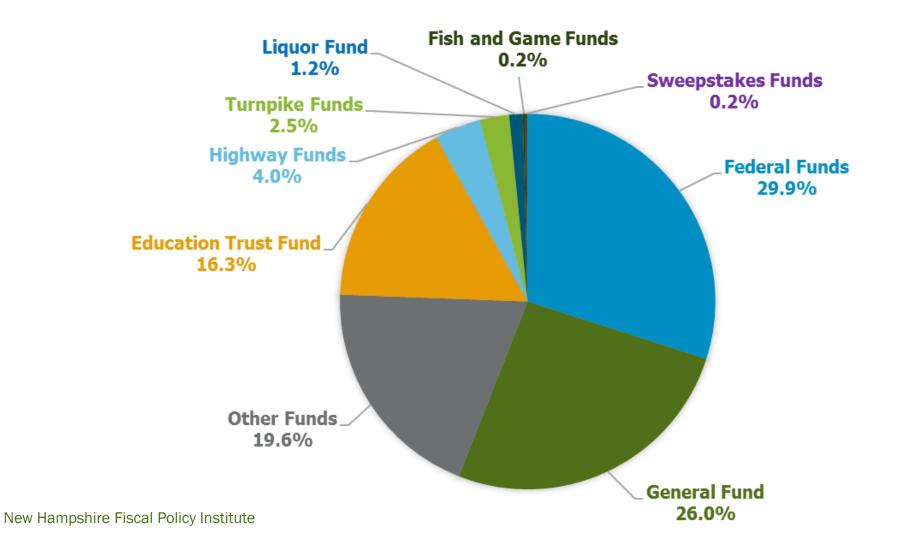
### **Turnpike System**

- Tolls users of three turnpikes to operate, construct, and maintain them
- \$131.4 million from tolling operations in SFY 2017

## **State Budget Funds**

#### New Hampshire, SFY 2018

Source: Chapter 155, Laws of 2017



### State Revenue – Federal Funds Medicaid

- In all funds (State on-budget, State off-budget, federal), about \$2.0 billion in SFY 2016 was Medicaid, approximately 29 percent of all State spending
- Recent proposals at the federal level would have significantly reduced federal contributions, which are a 50%-50% match or better for the State

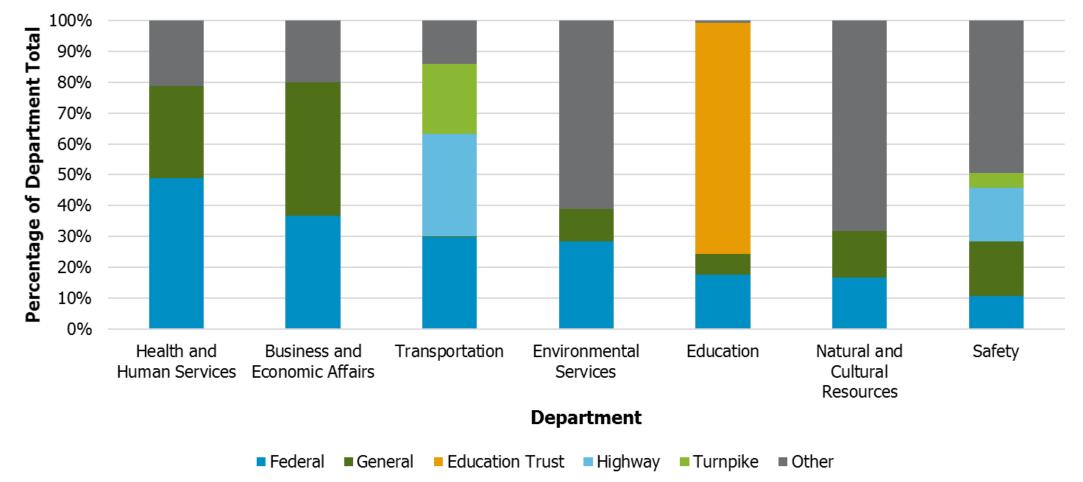
#### **Other Program Areas**

- Federal transportation aid
- Education aid special education, school lunch program, professional development
- Water pollution and infrastructure funds, clean and drinking water programs
- Temporary Assistance for Needy Families
- Food Stamps/SNAP; Women, Infants, and Children Nutrition Program
- Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program, funds State Fuel Assistance Program
- Veterans' care aid

### **State Revenue - Federal Funds**

#### **Funds Supporting Selected Departments**

New Hampshire State Budget, SFY 2018 Source: Chapter 155, Laws of 2017

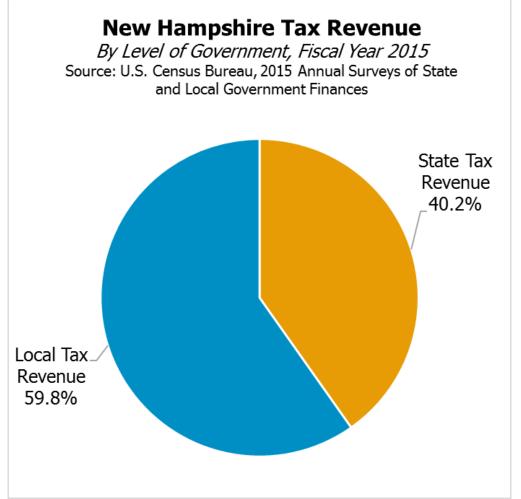


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# Local Revenue System - Local Governments

### **Local governments includes:**

- County governments
  - Sheriff's departments
  - County nursing homes and longterm care
  - County jails
  - County attorney
  - Register of deeds office
  - Unincorporated townships
- School districts
- Municipal governments (town and city)



### Local Revenue System - Sources

- Grants from other levels of governments (state and federal)
- Fees, grants, or gifts
- However, only viable tax option is the property tax

#### **The Local Property Tax**

- 99 percent of all local tax revenue
- 60 percent of all local revenue, including grants from State and federal government, school lunches, etc.
- \$3.1 billion dollars in tax year 2016
- About 90 percent of property taxes paid in NH are local taxes

### Local Revenue System – Reliance on the Property Tax

Property Tax as a Percentage of All Local Tax Revenue Fiscal Year 2015

	State	Estimated Percentage		
Highest	New Hampshire	99%		
	Maine	99%		
	Connecticut	98%		
	New Jersey	98%		
	Rhode Island	98%		
	United States	72%		
Lowest	Kentucky	56%		
	Oklahoma	53%		
	Louisiana	46%		
	Arkansas	43%		
	Alabama	42%		
Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2015 Annual Surveys of State and Local Government Finances				

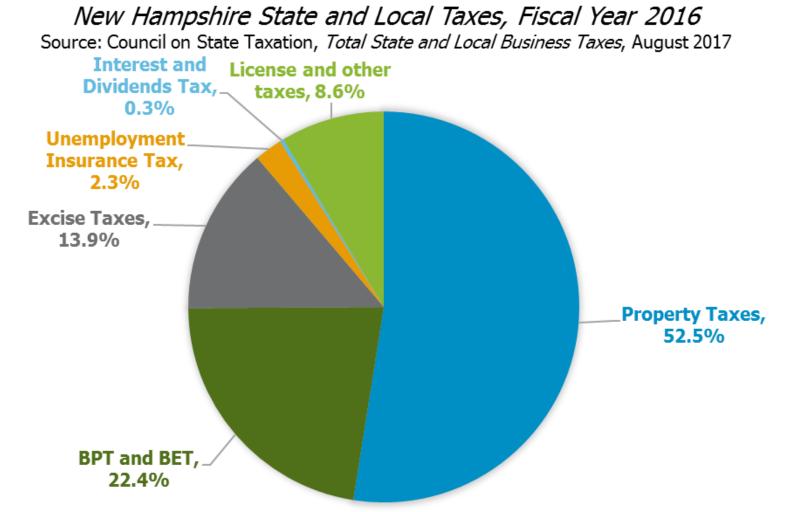
### Overall New Hampshire Revenue System Leans Heavily on the Property Tax

Property Tax as a Percentage of All State and Local Tax Revenue Fiscal Year 2015

	State	Estimated Percentage		
	New Hampshire	66%		
est	Alaska	57%		
Highest	New Jersey	46%		
Hiç	Vermont	44%		
	Rhode Island	43%		
	United States	31%		
	Arkansas	18%		
est	Delaware	18%		
Lowest	Hawaii	18%		
	Alabama	17%		
	North Dakota	13%		
Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2015 Annual Surveys of State and Local Government Finances				

### **Businesses Feel The Property Tax**

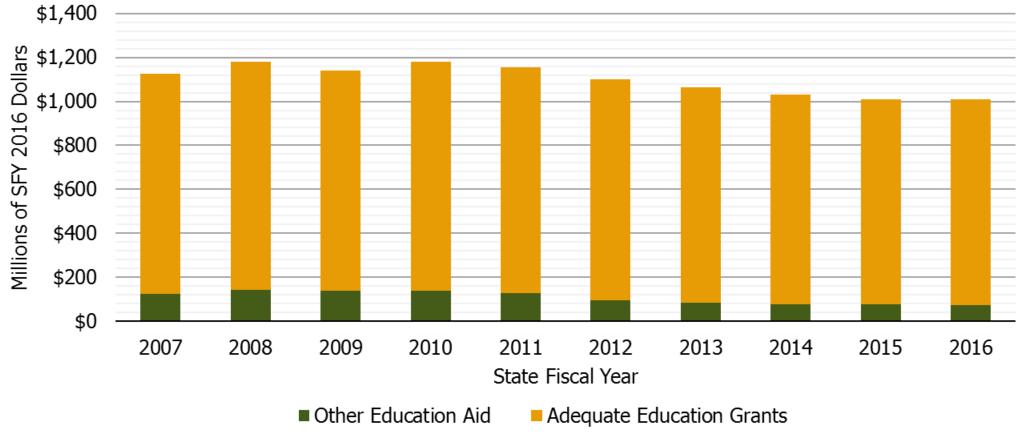
#### **Taxes Paid by Businesses**



### State Funding For Local Governments – Education-Related Aid

#### **Education Aid To Local Governments**

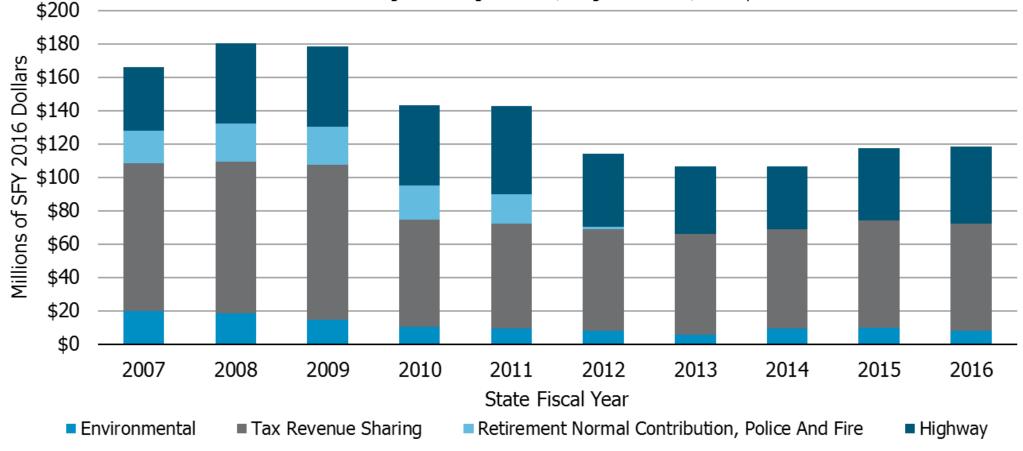
New Hampshire State Budget Inflation-Adjusted Dollars Source: Office of Legislative Budget Assistant, Budget Orientation, January 2017



### State Funding For Local Governments – Non-Education Aid

#### **Non-Education Aid to Local Governments**





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### **State Funding For Local Governments**

A Connection Between Local Property Tax Increases and State Budget Decisions?

- Local property tax rates depend on many factors
- But a logical connection exists
- Federal budget decisions could affect your local property tax bill if changes are made that influence State policymaker decisions on aid to local governments

### **Additional NHFPI Resources**

- Revenue in Review: <u>http://nhfpi.org/research/state-tax/revenue-review-overview-new-hampshire-tax-system-major-revenue-sources.html</u>
- Building the Budget: <u>http://nhfpi.org/research/state-budget/building-budget-new-hampshires-state-budget-process-recent-funding-trends.html</u>
- Issue Brief: The State Budget for Fiscal Years 2018 and 2019: <u>http://nhfpi.org/research/state-budget/the-state-budget-for-fiscal-years-2018-and-2019.html</u>
- NHFPI Common Cents blog: <u>http://nhfpi.org/commoncents</u>
- NHFPI NH State Budget page: <u>http://nhfpi.org/resources/nh-state-budget</u>



### **THANK YOU FOR YOUR TIME**

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