

TANF in New Hampshire

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Building a Better Budget Conference January 23, 2015



Overview

- Effectiveness of TANF as a safety net in New Hampshire
- Effectiveness of TANF as a work program (are you getting what you paid for?)
- How New Hampshire spends federal and state funds



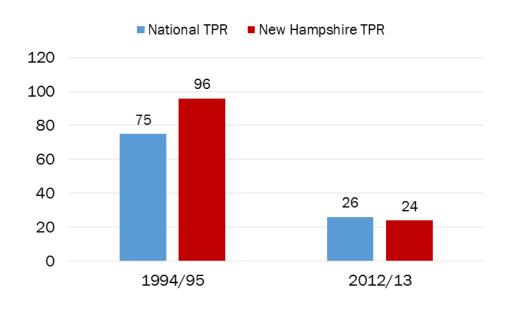
Effectiveness of TANF as a Safety Net



TANF's role as a safety net has declined sharply over time nationally and in New Hampshire

- AFDC/TANF's reach has declined dramatically since before Welfare Reform
- Now, it is comparable to the national average
- In years where poverty increase either did not rise to meet need or declined

AFDC/TANF-to-Poverty Ratio*, before welfare reform to present day

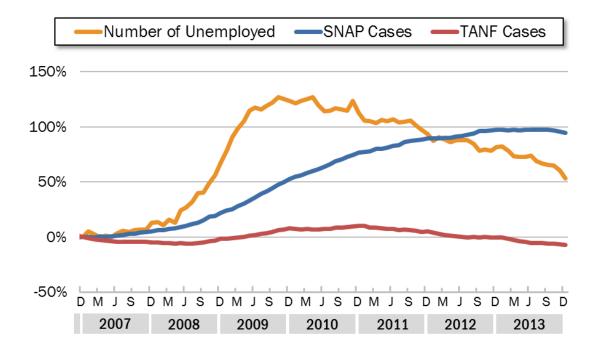


^{*}Number of families receiving AFDC/TANF benefits for every 100 families with children in poverty; to improve the reliability of state data, we use two-year averages. Source: HHS TANF caseload data and beginning in September 2006, CBPP compilation of state caseload data. CBPP analysis of Current Population Survey poverty data.

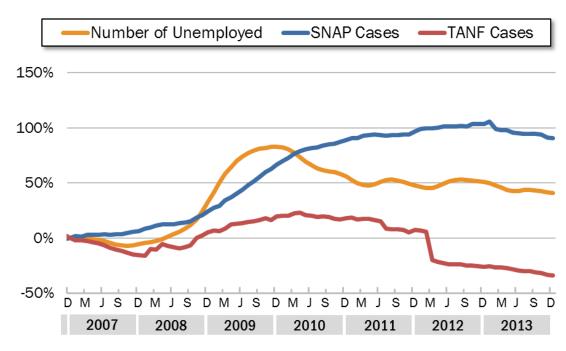


TANF responded modestly to the recession

National TANF caseload trend



New Hampshire caseload trend



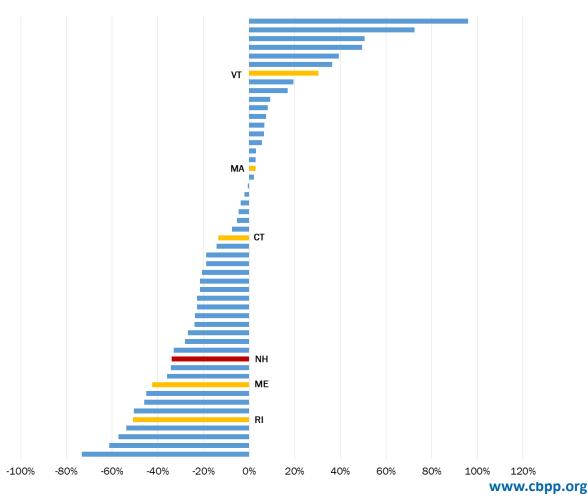
Source: CBPP analysis of state TANF caseload data, Agriculture Department SNAP household data, and Bureau of Labor Statistics unemployment data.



In recent years, New Hampshire has lost more cases than most states

- There is wide variation among states' caseload trends
- In NH, there were 34% fewer cases in Dec 2013 than in Dec 2006
- Two other New England states experienced drastic cuts to their TANF programs which led to steeper declines

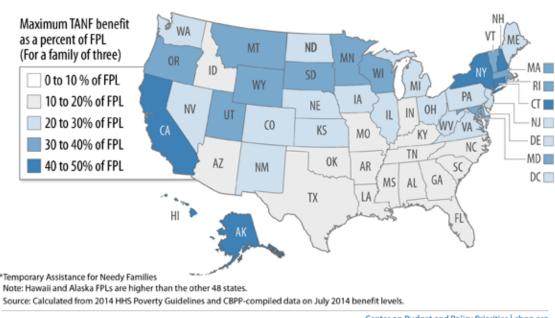
Caseload percent change, December 2006 to December 2013





Maximum TANF benefits* leave families well below the Federal Poverty Level

- NH's benefits are only 41% of FPL
- The state's benefits have declined by about 19% in inflation-adjusted dollars since 1996.
- If benefits had kept pace with inflation they would be about \$829.



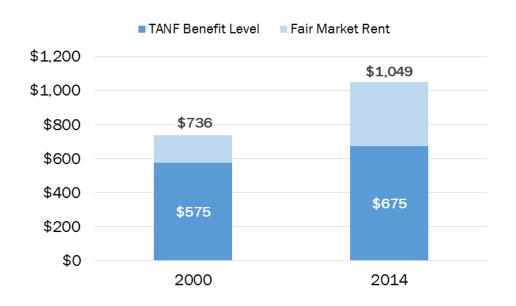
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*For a family of three



New Hampshire's benefits fail to cover the cost of rent and have lost ground overtime

- In 2000, benefit levels covered more than three-fourths of Fair Market Rents* (FMRs)
- In 2014, they covered less than two-thirds of the state's FMR in



Source: CBPP-compiled data on July 2014 TANF benefit levels; *Out of Reach 2014*, National Low-Income Housing Coalition.

^{*}The numbers used here are for a two-bedroom on HUD Fair Market Rents.



Look at where safety net is weak

- In years when poverty increased, TANF did not grow to meet need
- A range of policies led to NH serving fewer families, the most recent include ending the two-parent program and counting SSI
- Inflation has eroded the benefit level as basic living expenses have increased
- The result is that TANF serves fewer families and does less to lift those families it does serve out of deep poverty

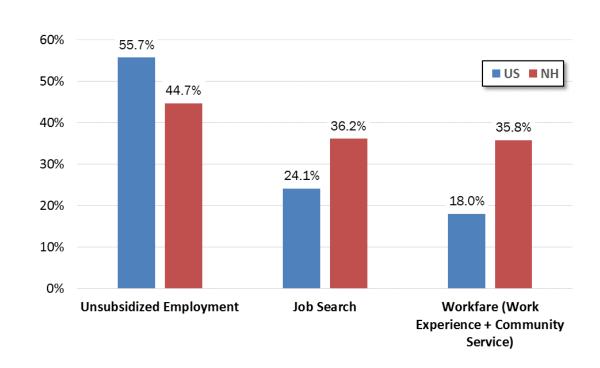


Effectiveness of TANF as a Work Program



How is New Hampshire engaging TANF recipients in work?

- Program redesigns after DRA tightened up the state's work requirements
- Fewer people are engaged in unsubsidized employment than the national average
- More people are engaged in job search or workfare than other states





Room for improvement in work

- New Hampshire is more than meeting it's work participation rate; it has the flexibility to consider new ways to operate the work program
- Other states are engaging their TANF recipients in different ways
 - Allowing education as a stand-alone work activity (MN, NE)
 - subsidized and transitional jobs (WA, HI)



How are TANF Funds Being Spent?

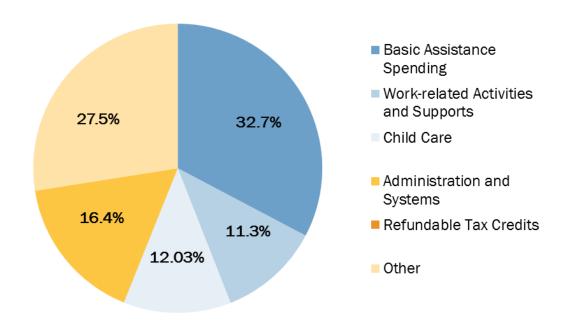


2013 TANF/MOE spending at a glance: US and New Hampshire

National Spending

33.9% 27.6% Work-related Activities and Supports Child Care Administration and Systems Refundable Tax Credits Other

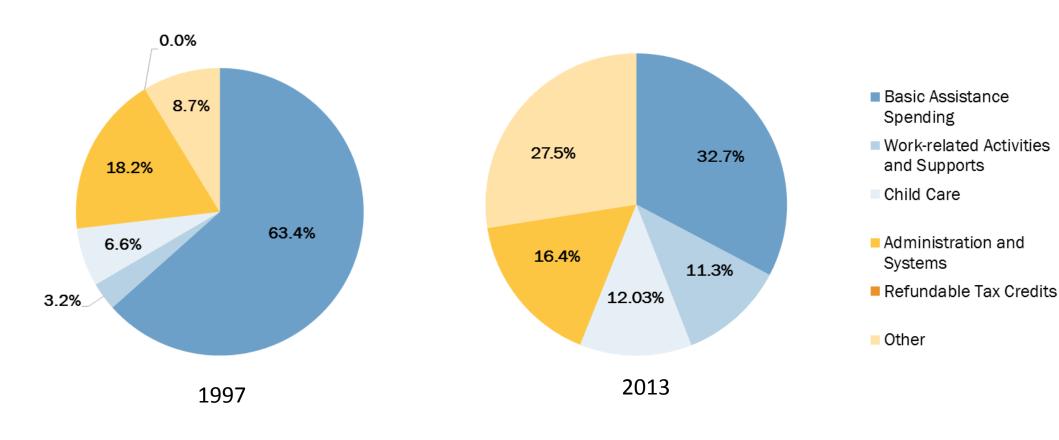
New Hampshire Spending



Source: CBPP analysis of HHS' 2013 TANF spending data

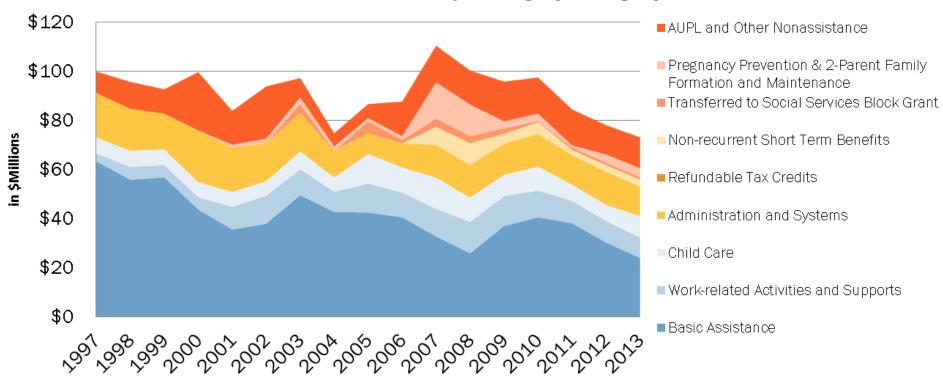


Basic assistance as a share of total spending has declined over time in New Hampshire



Overall TANF/MOE spending has declined real dollars in recent years

Total Federal TANF and MOE Spending by Category in 2013 Dollars



Source: CBPP analysis of HHS TANF spending data



New Hampshire's TANF program can be stronger

As a safety net

- Relative to other states New Hampshire's TANF program is a mixed bag in the top tier on some aspects but among the worst in the nation on others
- Moreover, compared to its own past standards and experience, the safety net aspects have weakened significantly.
- Are current policies fulfilling TANF's safety net role?

As a work program

- Following 2006 federal law changes, the state reshaped its work requirements because of concerns meeting the work rate
- These changes did not improve the program and limited its ability to help the range of families on TANF succeed
- Now New Hampshire is easily meeting federal work requirements and has the flexibility to improve its work program
- Are current work activities producing the best work program?